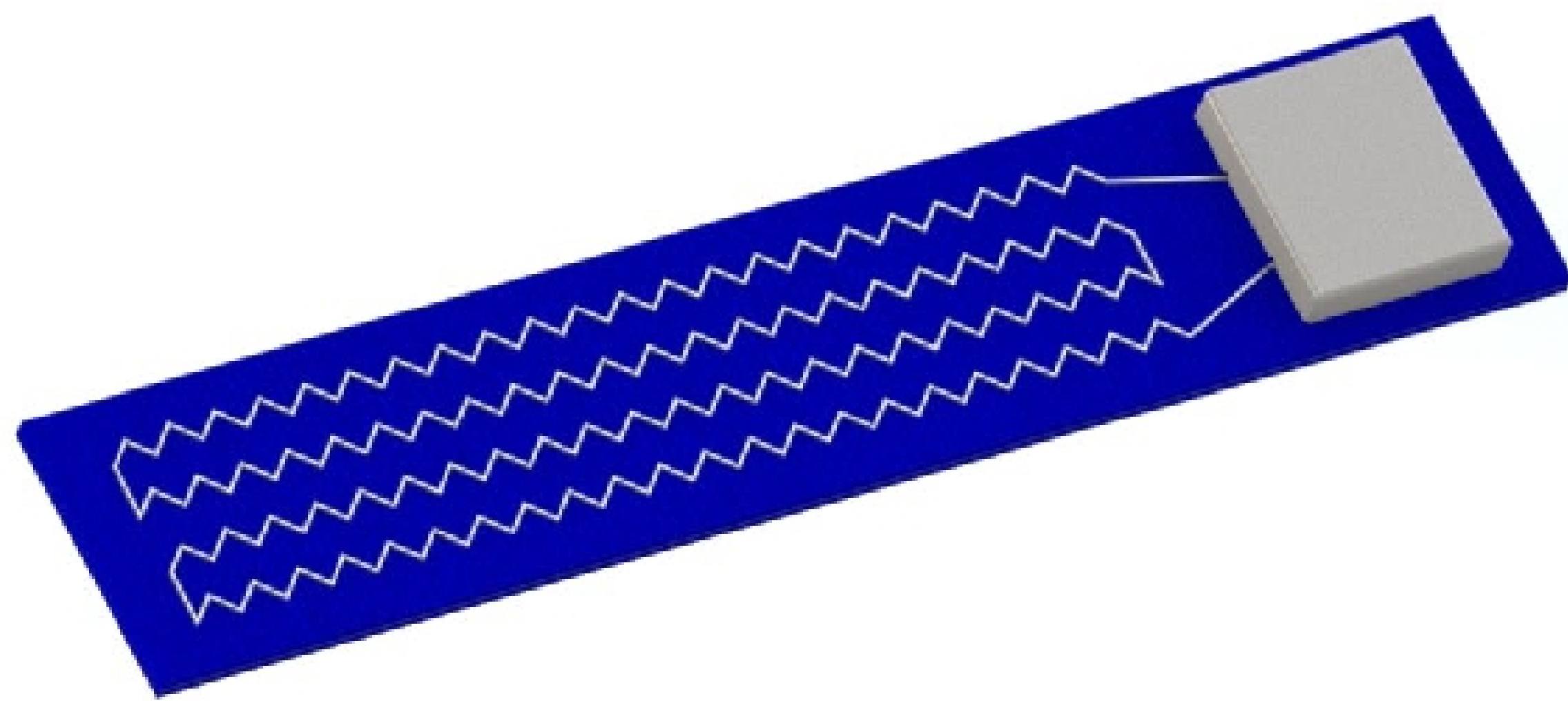
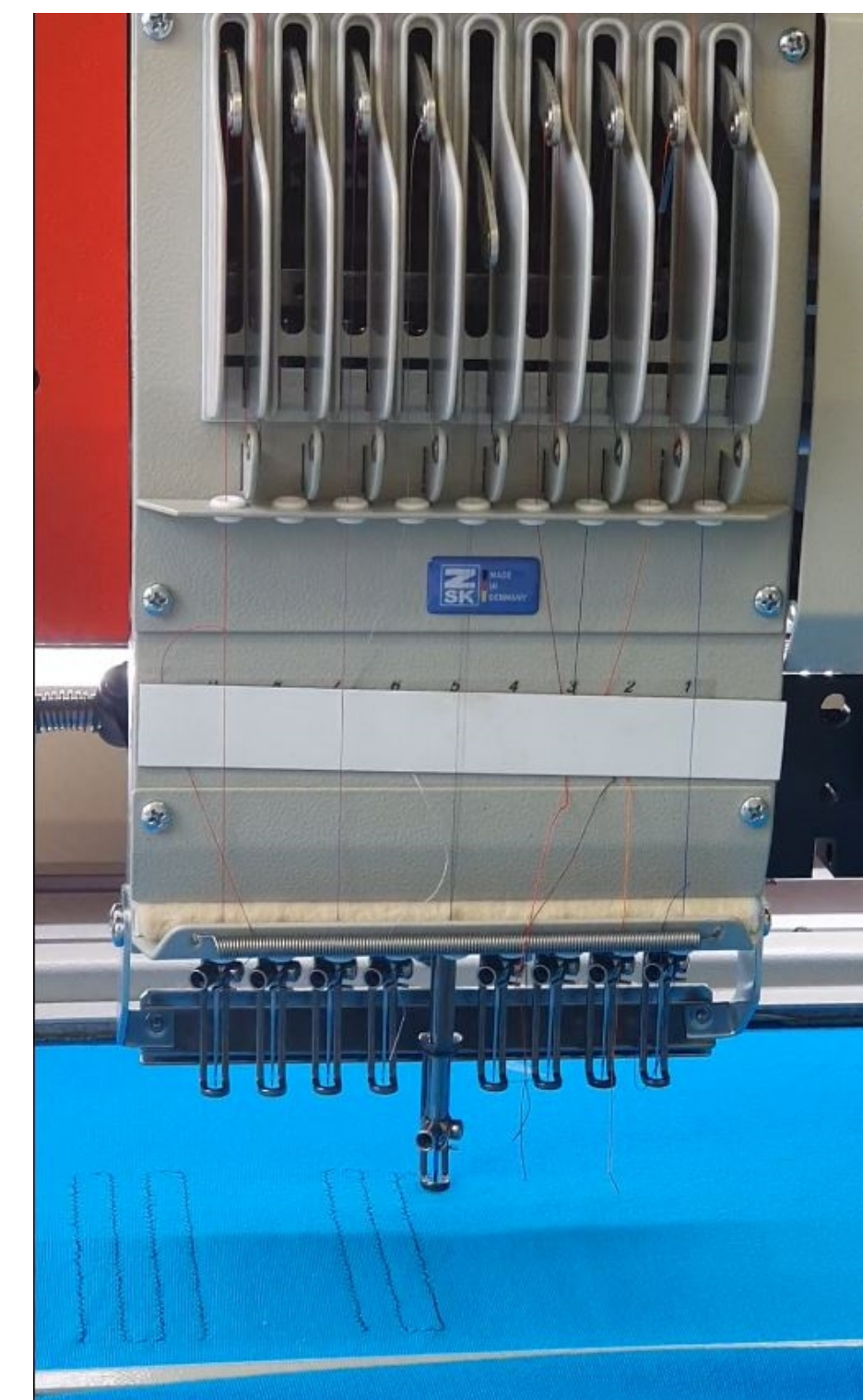


SMART KINESIOTAPE

AS A TOOL FOR HUMAN MOTION CAPTURING

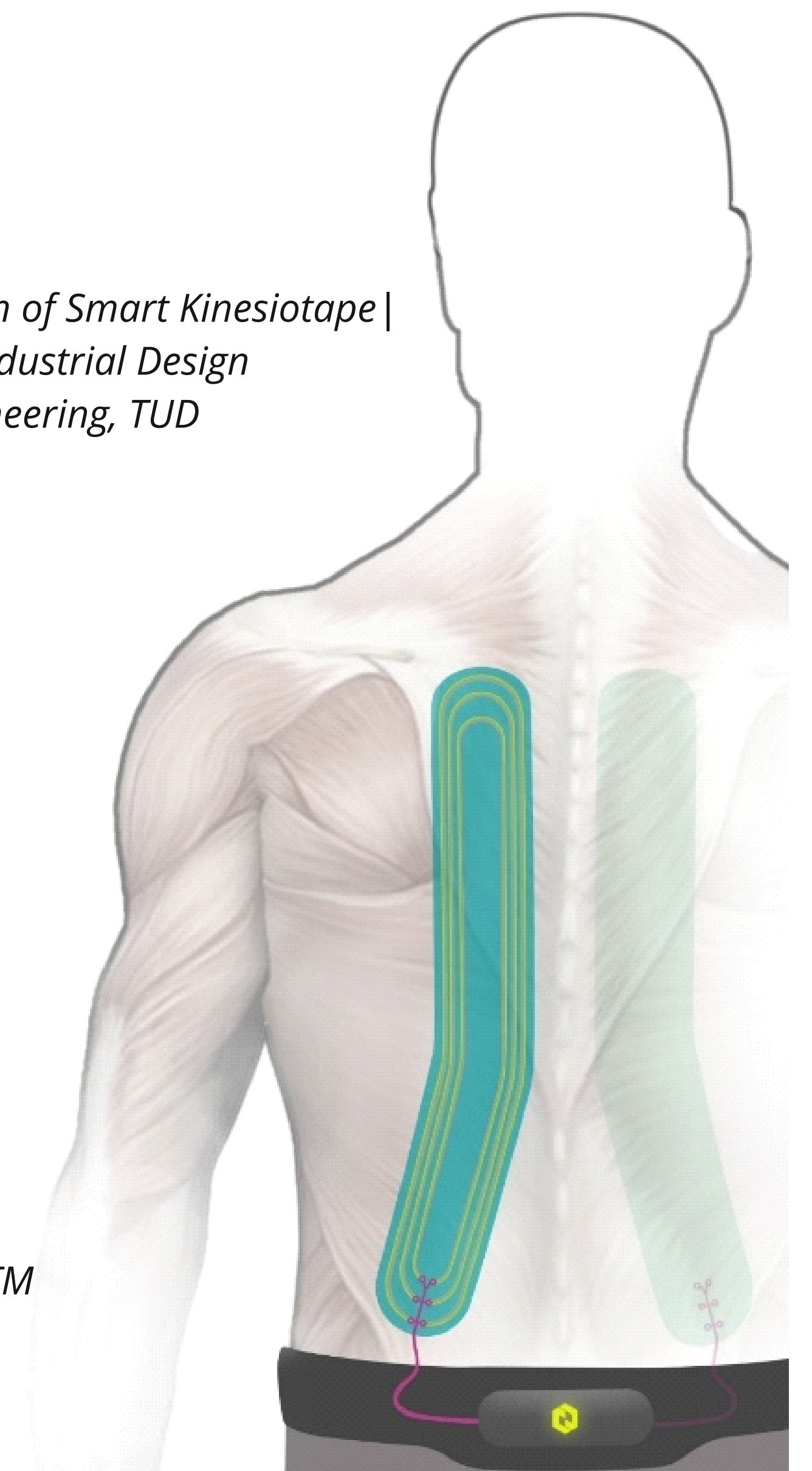


CAD model of Smart Kinesiotape with four-sensor-line design | © ITM



Smart Kinesiotape produced by embroidery technique | © ITM

Vision of Smart Kinesiotape |
© Industrial Design
Engineering, TUD



Research Questions/Objectives

Which sensors and actuators are best suited for which task?

- Bending sensors for human motion capturing
- How can these be optimally attached to the user?
- Stable in position
- Comfortable/without movement restriction
- How can energy be supplied and data processed?
- Printed Circuit board (PCB) for data gathering
- Bluetooth connection for data transfer

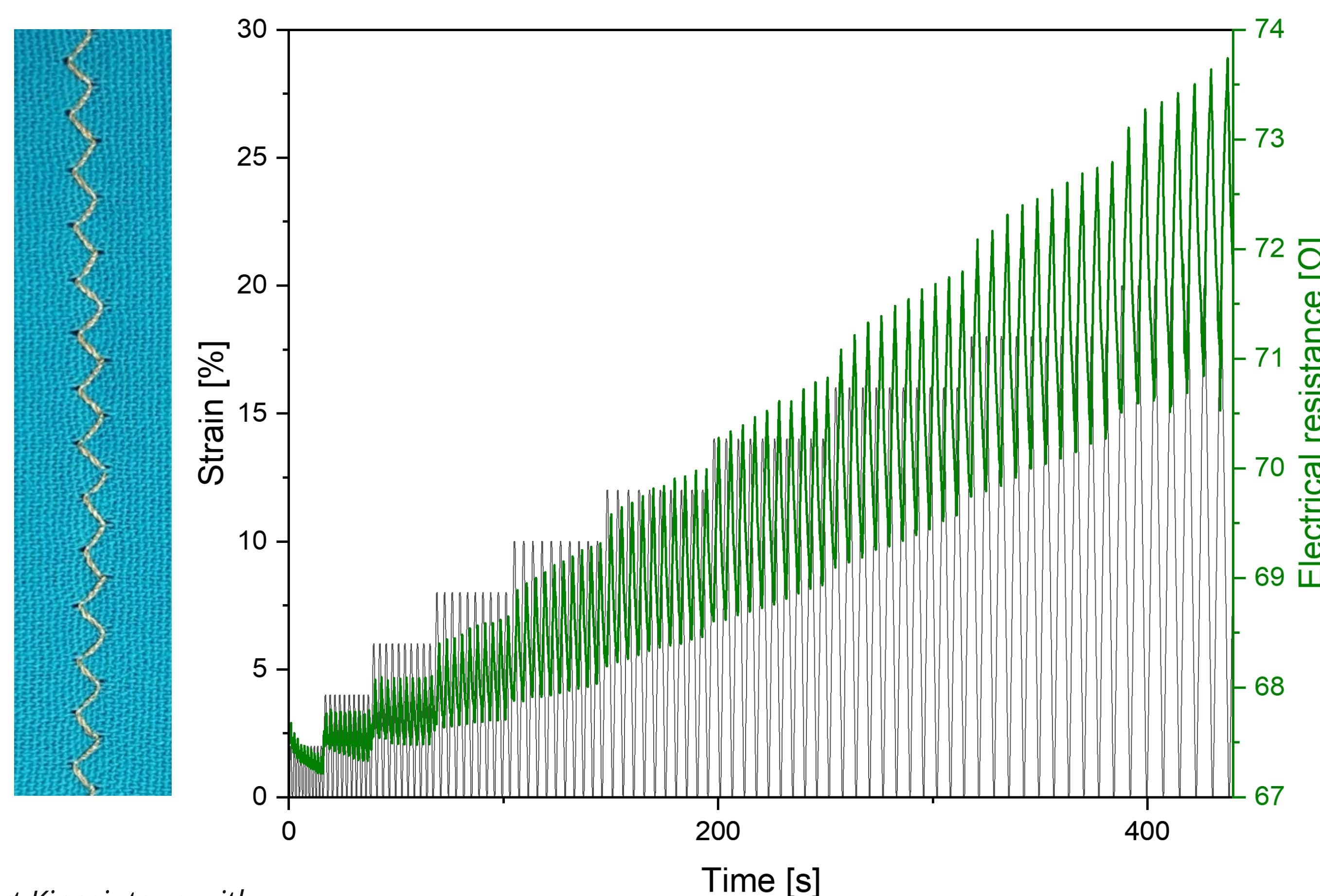
Methods

Materials and design

- Plain weave: cotton weft yarns, core-sheath elasthane/cotton warp yarns
- Electrically conductive silver-plated polyamide yarn (290 dtex, 300 Ω /m)
- Zig-zag shaped sensor design, four parallel lines

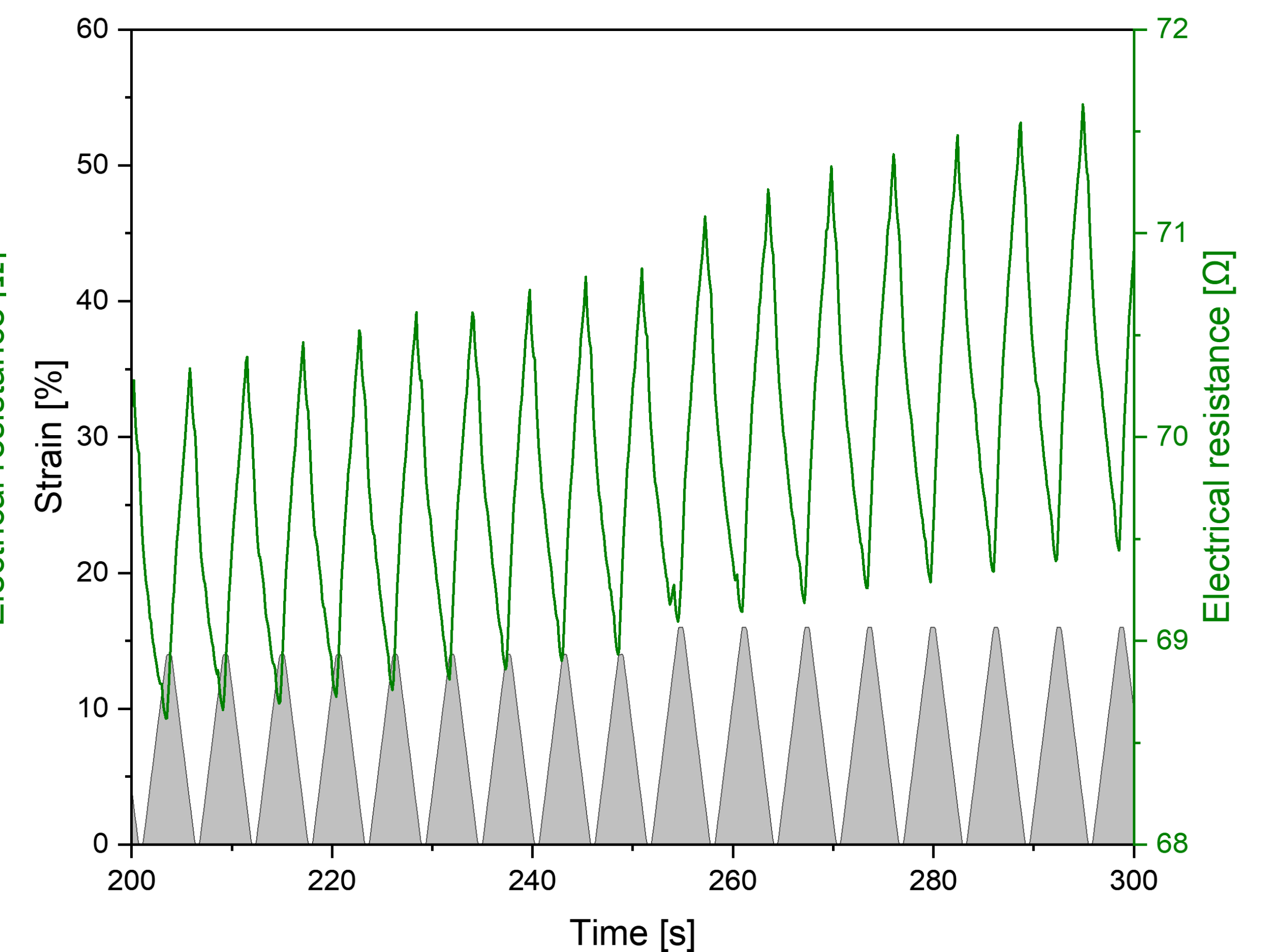
Sensor analysis

- Machine electro-mechanical characterization
- Evaluation of sensing signal and transmission signal
- Cyclic elongation up to 20% in 2% steps



Smart Kinesiotape with
zig-zag shaped sensor
design | © ITM

Electro-mechanical test with zig-zag shaped sensor design from 0 to 450 s and detailed sequence from 200 to 300 s testing time | © ITM



Results

Kinesiotapes can be equipped with textile-based strain sensors using textile manufacturing process such as sewing and embroidery technique. Moreover, the stretch and measurement capability of up to 20% has been proven. The properties of the kinesiotape, especially the stretchability, can be retained to a large extent. The material selection, sensor geometry and stitch geometry are decisive for sensor properties. The results from the electro-mechanical characterization show a relative resistance change of about 2 Ω . However, a high elongation of more than 20% of the Smart Kinesiotape is possible and a clear sensing signal can be obtained.

